

- General sound discriminationenvironmental, instrumental, body percussion
- Rhythm and rhyme
- Alliteration
- Voice sounds
- Oral blending and segmenting











# Being a successful reader

Two main skills.

Phonics – decoding by blending the sounds in words to read them.

Language comprehensionunderstand what the word means within the context it appears





## Phonics

Teaches children to connect letters of the alphabet to the sounds they make-blending them together from left to right to make a word. Supports children in identifying those individual sounds (phonemes) within words and segment them for spelling.





# Phonemes and Graphemes

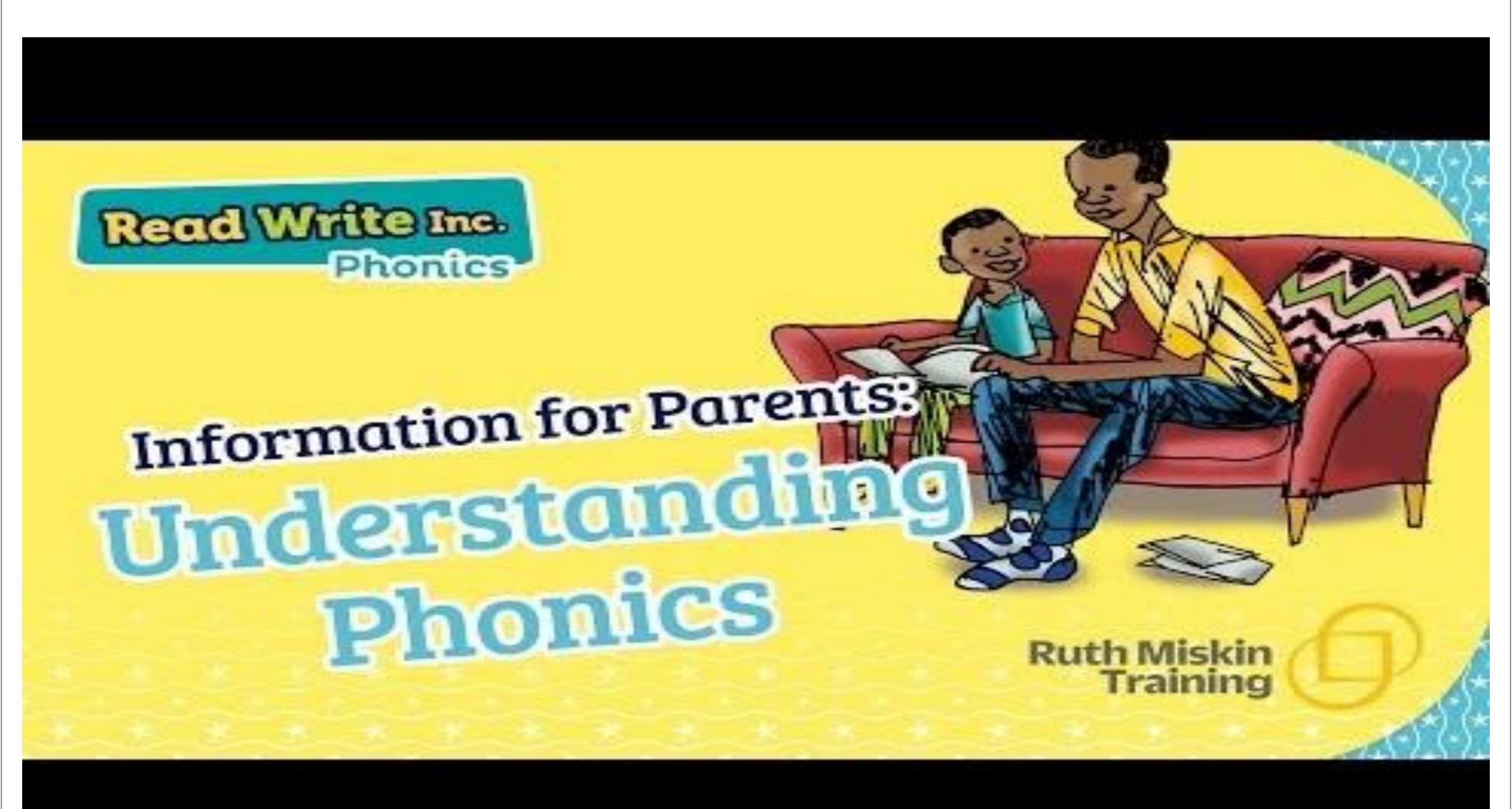
26 letters of alphabet.

These letters and combinations of these letters make 44 sounds.

Phonemes can be represented by graphemes of one, two or three letters:

t sh igh







#### Complex Speed Sounds

#### Consonant sounds

f ff ph	1000	m mm mb	22-5	s e c	ve	 sh ti ci	th	ng nk	
				ce					

b bb	c k ck ch	d dd	g gg	h		pp	 t tt	w wh	X	y	ch tch	
	cn				age							

#### Vowel sounds

а	e	i	0	u	ay	ee	igh	ow o-e
	ea				a-e	y	i-e	о-е
					ai	ea	ie	oa
						е	i	0
							y	

00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure
u-e			oor	are	ur	ow	οi			
ue			ore		er					
ew			aw							
			au							

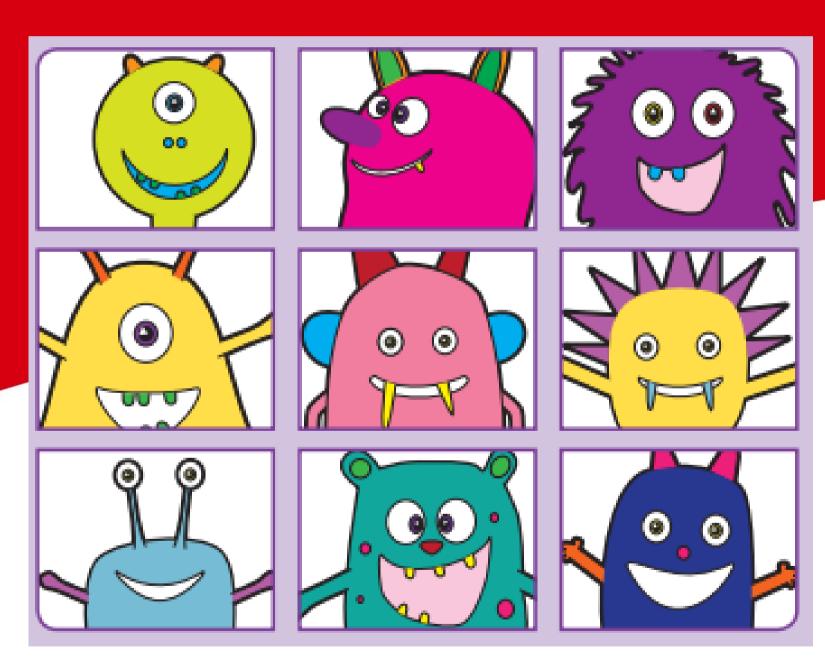




https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EYx1CyDMZSc

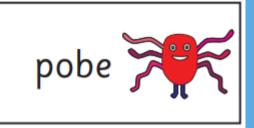


# Year 1 Phonics Screening Check





# 40 words to read



20 Alien words
These words are
nonsense but can be read using phonics
skills.

chack



blorn





twice

gloom

charming







# At school we are...

- Teaching 30 minutes of discreet phonics to every child, every day.
- Children read with an adult on a 1:1 basis as often as possible (we aim for every day)
- Daily whole class reading lesson in KS1 or story/rhyme time in EYFS
- 2x 20 minute spelling lessons every week.
- Phonics interventions for children that need extra support.
- Phonics play provision available in all classrooms and provision areas.
- A large selection of quality books and reading materials in every classroom.





### At home you could....

- Read with your child every day.
- Play phonics games together such as I spy etc.
- Practice speed sounds
- Find phonemes in text (look for digraphs and trigraphs)
- Help your child to learn their weekly spellings.



