

	Geography								
	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Knowledge	I can understand that some places are hot and cold.  I can talk about similarities and differences to our school.  I understand that some places are special to members of their community.  I can recognise similarities and differences between life in this country and other countries.	I can understand how some places are linked to other places e.g. roads, trains  I can name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom	I can name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans  I can name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom  I can name, locate and identify characteristics of the seas surrounding the United Kingdom	I can identify where countries are within the UK and the key topographical features  I can name and locate the cities of the UK	I can recognise the different shapes of the continents  I can demonstrate knowledge of features about places around me and beyond the UK  I can identify where countries are within Europe, including Russia  I can recognise that people have differing qualities of life living in different locations and environments  I know how my locality is set within a wider geographical context	I can recognise the different shapes of countries  I can identify the physical characteristics and key topographical features of the countries within North America  I can talk about the wider context of places e.g. county, region, country  I can describe where a variety of places are in relation to physical and human features  I can locate the capital cities of countries in the British Isles and UK, seas around the UK, European Union countries with high populations and large areas and the largest cities in each continent	I can, using knowledge from across Key Stage 2, locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities  I can, using knowledge from across Key Stage 2, name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and landuse patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time  I can identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)		
Place Knowledge	I can find my school on an aerial view map, with support.  I can talk about my school and home and understand the difference between the two.	I can name, describe and compare familiar places  I can link my home with other places in my local community  I can talk about some present changes that are happening in the local environment e.g. at school  I can suggest ideas for improving the school environment	I can understand and talk about geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country	I can understand why there are similarities and differences between places  I can begin to talk about how places relate to each other	I can begin to talk about the wider context of places for example the region, the country  I can talk about why there are similarities and differences between places	I can compare the physical and human features of a region of the UK and a region of North/South America, identifying similarities and differences	I can understand the geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the UK, a region of a mainland European country and a region within North or South America and the other places studied throughout KS2		





Human and	Understanding the	I can describe seasonal	I can identify seasonal and	I can identify physical and	I can describe human features	I know about the physical	I can, using knowledge from
	World (People and	weather changes	daily weather patterns in the	human features of the locality	of the UK regions, cities	features of coasts and begin to	across Key Stage 2, describe
Physical	Communities)		United Kingdom		and/or counties	understand erosion and	and understand key aspects of
Geography		I can use basic geographical		I can explain about weather		deposition	physical geography, including:
deograpity	Children know about	vocabulary to refer to key	I can identify the location of	conditions/patterns around	I can understand the effect of	Lundanstand barribrinana	climate zones, biomes and
	similarities and	physical features, including:	hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the	the UK and parts of the	landscape features on the	I understand how humans	vegetation belts, rivers,
	differences between themselves and others,	beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river,	Equator and the North and	Europe	development of a locality	affect the environment over time	mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water
	and among families,	soil, valley, vegetation, season	South Poles	I can describe and understand	I can describe how people	Line	cycle
	communities and	and weather	Journ Cies	key aspects of the human and	have been affected by	I can talk about how changes	Cycle
	traditions.		I can confidently use basic	physical geography of	changes in the environment	to the world environments	I can, using knowledge from
		I can use basic geographical	geographical vocabulary to	mountains		happen over time	across Key Stage 2, describe
	Understanding the	vocabulary to refer to key	refer to key physical features,		I can explain about natural		and understand key aspects of
	World (The World)	human features, including:	including: beach, cliff, coast,	I can describe and understand	resources e.g. water in the	I can understand why people	human geography, including:
		city, town, village, factory,	forest, hill, mountain, sea,	key aspects of the human and	locality	seek to manage and sustain	types of settlement and land
	Children know about	farm, house, office, port,	ocean, river, soil, valley,	physical geography of rivers		their environment	use, economic activity
	similarities and	harbour and shop	vegetation, season and	Land dansiles and and antend	I can explore weather patterns	Language about national	including trade links, and the
	differences in relation		weather	I can describe and understand key aspects of human	around parts of the world	I can explain about natural resources e.g. water in the	distribution of natural resources including energy,
	to places, objects, materials and living		I can confidently use basic	geography- types of	I can describe and understand	locality	food, minerals and water
	things. They talk about		geographical vocabulary to	settlement	key aspects of the human and	locancy	1000, milerals and water
	the features of their		refer to key human features,		physical geography of	I can describe and understand	
	own immediate		including: city, town, village,		volcanoes and earthquakes	key aspects of human	
	environment and how		factory, farm, house, office,			geography- distribution of	
	environments might		port, harbour and shop			natural resources including	
	vary from one another.					energy, food, minerals and	
			0			water	
				ai skilis ann Fibinwhrk			
	Forly Voors	Voor 1		al Skills and Fieldwork	Voor 1	Voor E	Voor 6
	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Geographical	I can make	Teacher led enquires, to ask	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate	I can ask and respond to	I can begin to suggest	I can suggest questions for
	I can make observations on what I	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it?	Year 3	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own		
Geographical Enquiry	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and	Teacher led enquires, to ask	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions	I can ask and respond to	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating	I can suggest questions for investigating
	I can make observations on what I	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like?	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books,	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating I can begin to use primary and	I can suggest questions for investigating I can use primary and
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books,	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases,	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence	I can suggest questions for investigating I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating I can begin to use primary and	I can suggest questions for investigating I can use primary and
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases,	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence	I can suggest questions for investigating I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating  I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of information	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating  I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of information  I can investigate my surroundings	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as sources of information.	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information I can investigate places and	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of information	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating  I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of information  I can investigate my surroundings  I can make observations about	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as sources of information. I can investigate my surroundings	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of information I can investigate places and	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating  I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant places	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant places
	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of information  I can investigate my surroundings  I can make observations about where things are e.g. within	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as sources of information. I can investigate my	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information I can investigate places and themes at more than one	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of information I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating  I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant
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	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of information  I can investigate my surroundings  I can make observations about where things are e.g. within	Year 2 I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like? I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as sources of information. I can investigate my surroundings I can make appropriate	Year 3 I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale I can begin to collect and record evidence	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of information I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating  I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant places  I can collect and record evidence unaided	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant places  I can collect and record evidence unaided
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	I can make observations on what I can see, hear and notice in my local	Teacher led enquires, to ask and respond to simple questions  I can use information books/pictures as sources of information  I can investigate my surroundings  I can make observations about where things are e.g. within	Year 2  I can ask simple geographical questions e.g. Where is it? What is it like?  I can use non-fiction books, stories, maps, pictures and photos on the internet as sources of information.  I can investigate my surroundings  I can make appropriate observations about why things happen  I can make simple comparisons between	Year 3  I can begin to ask/initiate geographical questions  I can use non-fiction books, stories, atlases, pictures/photos and internet as sources of information  I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale  I can begin to collect and record evidence  I can analyse evidence and begin to draw conclusions e.g. make comparisons between	I can ask and respond to questions and offer my own ideas  I can also use extend to satellite images and aerial photographs as sources of information  I can investigate places and themes at more than one scale  I can collect and record evidence with some aid  I can analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. make	I can begin to suggest questions for investigating I can begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant places I can collect and record evidence unaided I can analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. compare historical maps of	I can suggest questions for investigating  I can use primary and secondary sources of evidence in my investigations  I can investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale; contrasting and distant places  I can collect and record evidence unaided  I can analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. from field work data on land use
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						locations - influence on people/everyday life	patterns and explain reasons behind it
Direction /Location	I can discuss routes and locations in, on, under, up, down and between.	I can follow directions (up/down, left/right, forwards/backwards)	I can follow directions (as Y1) and include North, South, East and West.	I can use 4 compass points to follow/give directions:  I can use letter/no. co-ordinates to locate features on a map.	I can use 4 compass points well:  I can begin to use 8 compass points  I can use letter/no. co-ordinates to locate features on a map confidently.	I can use 8 compass points; I can begin to use 4 figure coordinates to locate features on a map.	I can use 8 compass points confidently and accurately I can use 4 figure co-ordinates confidently to locate features on a map I can begin to use 6 figure grid refs; use latitude and longitude on atlas maps
Drawing Maps	I can help draw a simple map eg. A treasure map.	I can draw picture maps of imaginary places and from stories.	I can draw a map of a real or imaginary place  I can add detail to a sketch map from an aerial photograph	I can try to make a map of a short route experienced, with features in correct order I can try to make a simple scale drawing	I can make a map of a short route experienced, with features in correct order I can make a simple scale drawing	I can begin to draw a variety of thematic maps based on my own data	I can draw a variety of thematic maps based on my own data I can begin to draw plans of increasing complexity
Representation	I can give meaning to symbols on my map.	I can use own symbols on imaginary map	I can begin to understand the need for a key  I can use class agreed symbols to make a simple key	I know why a key is needed I can use standard symbols	I know and can explain why a key is needed I can recognise some symbols on an OS map	I can draw a sketch map using symbols and a key I can recognise and use some symbols on an OS map	I can recognise and use some symbols on an OS map I can use atlas symbols
Using Maps	I can use a simple picture map to talk about a familiar story.	I can use a simple picture map to move around the school  I can recognise that a map is about a place	I can follow a route on a map I can use a plan view I can use an infant atlas to locate places	I can locate places on larger scale maps e.g. map of Europe I can follow a route on a map with some accuracy	I can locate places on large scale maps, (e.g. Find UK or India on globe)  I can follow a route on a large scale map	I can compare maps with aerial photographs  I can select a map for a specific purpose. (E.g. Pick atlas to find Taiwan, OS map to find local village.)  I can begin to use atlases to find out about other features of places (e.g. find wettest part of the world)	I can follow a short route on an OS map I can describe features shown on OS map I can locate places on a world map I can use atlases to find out about other features of places. (e.g. mountain regions, weather patterns)
Scale /Distance	I can use vocabulary big and small.	I can use vocabulary (e.g. bigger/smaller, like/dislike)	I can begin to spatially match places (e.g recognise the UK on a small scale and larger scale map)	I can begin to match boundaries (E.g. find same boundary of a country on different scale maps.)	I can begin to match boundaries (E.g. find same boundary of a county on different scale maps.)	I can measure straight line distance on a plan  I can find/recognise places on maps of different scales. (E.g. river Nile.)	I can use a scale to measure distances I can draw/use maps and plans at a range of scales
Perspective	I can use 3d objects to represent buildings on a plan view map.	I can draw around objects to make a plan	I can look down on objects to make a plan view map	I can begin to draw a sketch map from a high view point	I can draw a sketch map from a high view point	I can draw a plan view map with some accuracy	I can draw a plan view map accurately



## The Academy at St James - Geography Skills Progression (EYFS, KS1 and KS2)

Map Knowledge	I can learn the name of my school.  I can learn the name of my street.	I can learn names of some places within/around the UK e.g. Home town, cities, countries, like Wales, France  I can begin to locate and name on UK map major features e.g London, River Thames, home	I can locate and name on UK map major features e.g London, River Thames, home location, seas.	I can begin to identify points on maps A, B and C	I can begin to identify significant places and environments	I can identify significant places and environments	I can confidently identify significant places and environments
Style of Map	I can talk about the globes which are in my provision area.	I can use picture maps and globes	I can find land/sea on a globe I can use teacher drawn base maps I can use large scale OS maps I can use an infant atlas	I can use large scale OS maps I can begin to use map sites on internet I can begin to use junior atlases I can begin to identify features on aerial/oblique photographs	I can use large and medium scale OS maps I can use junior atlases I can use map sites on the internet I can identify features on aerial/oblique photographs	I can use index and contents page within atlases I can use medium scale land ranger OS maps	I can use OS maps I can confidently use an atlas I can recognise world map as a flattened globe